

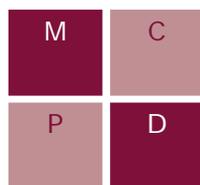
LAW OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC DEFENDER



Delivering America's Promise of Justice for All

2009-2010

ANNUAL REPORT



MARICOPA COUNTY

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The mission of the Office of the Public Defender is to provide quality legal representation to indigent individuals assigned to us by the court, thus safeguarding the fundamental legal rights of each member of the community.

MARICOPA COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER'S OFFICE

GOALS

FY10 Annual Report

The Maricopa County Public Defender's Office provides tremendous value to the community by serving an important public safety function. We seek effective dispositions for addressing the underlying problems that contribute to our clients' criminal behavior, thus providing them with their best chance to become productive and law-abiding individuals. Our goals are:

- To protect the rights of our clients, to guarantee that clients receive equal protection under the law, regardless of race, creed, national origin or socioeconomic status, and to ensure that all ethical and constitutional responsibilities and mandates are fulfilled
- To obtain and promote dispositions that are effective in reducing recidivism, improving clients' well-being, and enhancing quality of life for all
- To work in partnership with other agencies to improve access to justice, develop rational justice system policies, and maintain appropriate caseload and performance standards
- To enhance the professionalism and productivity of all staff

- To perform our obligations in a fiscally responsible manner including maintaining cost effectiveness by limiting the percentage of increase in the annual cost per case to no more than the percentage of increase in the overall annual funding of the County's criminal justice group

defend

protect

enhance

promote

improve

ensure

partner

respond

produce

resolve

achieve

represent

lead



DEPARTMENT INITIATIVES

The Office continues to take a leadership role in issues impacting the greater community and the criminal justice system as a whole. During the past fiscal year, we focused our efforts in a variety of areas. Read on to learn more about our efforts.

Reentry Initiatives

We devoted considerable attention to this vital area during the fiscal year. Reasonable sentencing coupled with effective programming geared toward reintegration of our clients into the community are a cornerstone of reducing recidivism and using evidence based practices to reduce property crime rates and violent crime rates in Maricopa County. During the year, the Office promoted this goal in a number of ways, including serving as a stakeholder for the House's Legislative Sub-Committee on Sentencing Reform, testifying at the Legislature on issues relating to evidence based practices, serving as a member of the Department of Justice's LEEC's Reentry Committee, sponsoring several training programs on implementing evidence based practices, working with Magellan and CHS to address the gap in mental health services to our clients caused by recent budget cuts, and seeking expansion of the Homeless Court Program to encompass cases filed by the MCAO.

Veterans' Issues

The Office has continued to take a leadership role in establishing courts focused on addressing the legal and mental health concerns of veterans. Due to funding problems, the March 2009 recommendations issued by the Maricopa County Superior Court's Veterans Treatment Court Exploratory Committee, have not yet been acted upon. In the interim we have continued our educational efforts in this area, including presentations at the Arizona Attorneys for Criminal Justice's Winter 2010 seminar and the Arizona Public Defender Association's June 2010 conference. In addition, several of our attorneys and support staff are now assigned to the Court's Continuity of Care and Probation Violation Courts, which are in the process of creating separate calendars focused on veterans.

Continuity of Care

In the fall of 2009, the presiding judge of the Probate and Mental Health Department initiated a weekly informal court proceeding, Continuity of Care Calendar, for various stakeholders to provide seamless and continuous service and treatment to mental health patients in the criminal justice system through the integration, coordination, and sharing of information. The informal hearing initially focused on in-custody defendants who have been determined to have serious mental health illness (SMI) by a mental health provider.



FY10 Annual Report

The program has been expanded to include veterans and out-of-custody defendants. Representatives from our Office, Adult Probation Department, Correctional Health Services, Veterans' Administration (VA), and Magellan share critical information about the defendant in order for the court to create a specific continuity of care plan for each SMI or VA defendant. In most cases, the plan is prepared before the client appears for the preliminary hearing. The plan gives the assigned attorney a snapshot as to the current mental health of the client and an opportunity to obtain favorable release conditions, mitigation, and even if client is sent to Department of Corrections, a better transfer of care to DOC.

IRIS/E-Filing

Public Defense Services, in coordination with the Clerk of the Court's Office (COC), implemented electronic filing (eFiling) from IRIS (the Indigent Representation Information System) in November, 2009. This project provided the Office with a method for electronically filing documents with the COC directly from IRIS. It is an improvement from using the public website provided by the COC for electronic filing in that filings are delivered to the COC in a format that allows for faster more efficient processing thus saving time and money for the COC. The Office's users benefit from being able to track the status of their filings directly from their

case management application. An added benefit from the programming required to produce eFiling provides users the functionality to upload and store case documents not intended for filing with the COC thus saving paper and hard file storage monies and user's time and effort in accessing case documents. This project is a good example of a "win, win" situation, where all parties involved derived benefits from the collaborative effort.

Reorganization of Trial Groups and Consolidation of Certain Administrative Functions

This year, the Maricopa County Superior Court instituted a "Master Calendar" case processing system, resulting in significant changes in case assignments. Consistent with the County's goal of working toward a "streamlined, integrated justice system", the Office responded by substantially reorganizing our trial division to mirror the changes made by the Court. This entailed changing from four trial groups to six, moving our Mesa trial attorneys downtown, and instituting a "team concept" within each of our newly formed groups. In a further effort to improve productivity and efficiency, the Office worked with Public Defense Services to consolidate a number of administrative functions, including providing process servers, transcriptionists and other support services.

TRAINING ACTIVITIES

The mission of the Maricopa County Public Defender's Office is to protect the fundamental rights of all individuals, by providing effective legal representation for indigent people facing criminal charges and mental health commitments, when appointed to do so by Maricopa County Superior and Justice Courts. The Public Defender Training Fund (PDTF) continues to be a vital component in meeting this goal. The fund enables the Office to provide high-quality training for attorneys and support staff, giving them the necessary resources and tools to provide effective representation. Further, the fund enables the Office to serve as a leader and primary sponsor for a variety of statewide training programs focused on indigent defense.

Because the State and County's budget problems persisted through FY10, the Office continued to operate under a hiring freeze and fiscal constraints. We maintained our moratorium on out-of-state travel (with limited exceptions) and our restrictions on in-state training. Although we were grateful that no "sweep" reclaimed any of our

training funds, we did experience a reduction in our quarterly allotments, which had been anticipated. Our conservative approach resulted in a training reserve of \$88,868.94 at the end of the fiscal year to help us start the new year on strong footing.

A core element in our training program continues to be our two-week "New Attorney Training Program." Hiring freezes again slowed personnel activity, but in FY10, we held two sessions on Trial Skills and three sessions on Case Management, welcoming the

combined participation of fifty-five attorneys, in-house and statewide.

In November, we conducted a two-day "Advanced Trial College", bringing back the nationally recognized trainer Ira Mickenberg. Each day forty attorneys from

around the state benefitted from the combined

knowledge and experience of Mr. Mickenberg and locally renowned attorneys on closing argument trial work and voir dire.

December saw the return of the popular "Annual Death Penalty Conference," which, once again, provided indigent defense attorneys and support





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staff with cutting-edge information on capital case representation. Collaborating with the Federal Public Defender's Capital Habeas Division, the Maricopa County Legal Defender, and the Maricopa County Legal Advocate allowed us to present locally and nationally known speakers for training needed in the critical and fluctuating death penalty field. Because the Arizona Supreme Court and Rule 6.8 of the Arizona Rules of Criminal Procedure require all lawyers involved in death penalty litigation to receive a minimum of six hours of continuing legal education in this area, many capital case litigators in Arizona rely on this conference for inexpensive, accessible training necessary for qualification.

As Maricopa County continues to suffer from a shortage of qualified capital defense attorneys, the part we play in handling this issue remains crucial. Our 2009 conference included capital case law updates and mitigation essentials, along with components on competency and Maricopa County process. The three-day event was capped with presentations on "Effective Themes for a Life Sentence" by nationally known speaker Mark Olive, an attorney who has worked and taught in the capital arena for thirty years.

The Public Defender's 14th Annual "Trials Skills College" was held over three days in March. The trial college concentrated on three themes:

communication techniques for successful advocacy/openings, cross-examination and impeachment, and advanced cross-examination and voir dire. Keeping the costs for facilities at a minimum again this year allowed MCPD to repeat the appearance of instructors with national reputations: Terrence McCarthy, the Executive Director of the Federal Public Defender's Office of the Northern District of Illinois and a nationally recognized expert on cross-examination; and Joshua Karton, a nationally recognized speaker on Jury Communication. Both Mr. McCarthy and Mr. Karton are highly prized speakers who also teach at the National Criminal Defense College and the Western Trial Advocacy Institute. Thirty attorneys from throughout the state attended the trial college.

In collaboration with the Arizona Prosecuting Attorney Advisory Council, we once again offered the Supreme Court-mandated Professionalism Course in April 2010, benefiting sixteen participants from both public defense and prosecution offices statewide.

In June, the Office continued its co-sponsorship of the Annual Arizona Public Defender Association (APDA) Conference. This eighth convention for APDA met with phenomenal success, with approximately 1,200 attendees. Led by 200 faculty members,

TRAINING ACTIVITIES

the conference offered attendees 140 sessions and an opportunity to achieve up to 18 hours of CLE, including 17.75 hours of ethics.

Throughout the year, the Office followed its blueprint of presenting an average of two brown-bag training sessions for attorneys and support staff each month. Most of the sessions focused on new developments in the law, special areas of representation, practical methods of effective advocacy, and staff education/self-improvement.

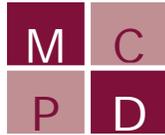
Because of continual technological developments in the Office (e.g., Windows Office Suite components and IRIS - Indigent Representation Information System), in the Maricopa County Superior Court (e.g., iCIS and e-filing), and in general applications (e.g., Westlaw), the Office has ensured that its computer-related training kept up with the advances this fiscal year. Our training unit provided 115 technology classes to assist attorneys and support staff in their current job functions.

The MCPD training newsletter, *for The Defense*, continues to be an effective training tool for defenders across the state. We also share it with judges, probation officers, and others, improving training and education amongst other system participants. We continue to strive to make it as interesting and

informative as possible, and our ever-increasing readership list attests to the publication's popularity and widespread impact.

In summary, the Public Defender Training Fund remains a cost-effective and dynamic tool for training public defenders and staff.





FY10 Annual Report

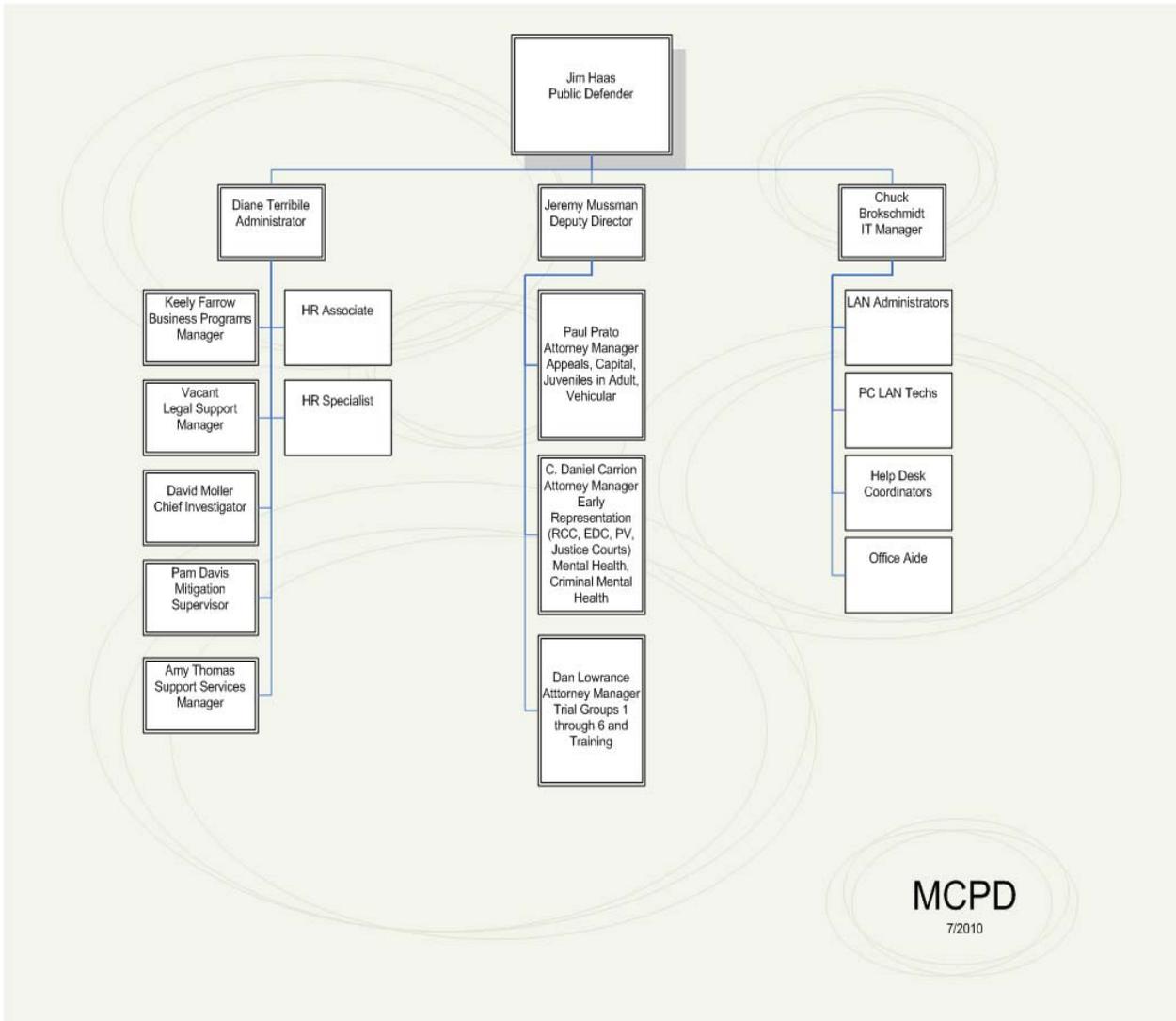
Title of Conference/Training	Date(s)	# of attendees
Word & Outlook 2007	July 2009 – June 2010	1
Criminal E-Filing	July 2009 – June 2010	29
IRIS – Adding Other Case People	July 2009 – June 2010	42
IRIS – Case Management	July 2009 – June 2010	42
IRIS – View Only	July 2009 – June 2010	37
IRIS – Reports	July 2009 – June 2010	17
IRIS – Uploading Documents	July 2009 – June 2010	7
IRIS – Case Initiation	July 2009 – June 2010	13
Nuts & Bolts of a Sex Crimes Case - Brown Bag	July 21, 2009	12
Webinar: WRAP Working with Veterans	July 29, 2009	9
Overview FMLA & County Leave Plan Changes- Brown Bag	July 30, 2009	30
Overview FMLA & County Leave Plan Changes - Brown Bag	August 12, 2009	13
Gun Shot Residue & Distance Determination - Brown Bag	August 18, 2009	42
Overview FMLA & County Leave Plan Change - Brown Bag	August 19, 2009	8
Webinar: Raising Peaceful Children	August 19, 2009	0
Investigative Toolbox - Brown Bag	August 20, 2009	13
Nuts and Bolts of a Sex Crimes Case	August 21, 2009	16
Blood Alcohol Analysis	August 25-26, 2009	43
Westlaw General Refresher	August 28, 2009	10
Evidence Best Practices - Brown Bag	September 9, 2009	29
Unsupervised Probation and Interstate Compact Rules & Guidelines	September 15, 2009	9
History of the 8 th Amendment - Brown Bag	September 17, 2009	22
Word & Outlook 2007	September 17, 2009	16
Master Calendar Overview	September 30, 2009	17
IRIS – New Procedures for Process Servers	September 30, 2009	4
IRIS – Appeals: Records Processors/Support Staff/ Attorneys	October 1, 2009	29
Potential Conflicts Training	October 6-7, 2009	19
Drug Testing - Brown Bag	October 20, 2009	29
Westlaw Training: General Refresher	October 23, 2009	0
Criminal Master Calendar Overview	October 23, 2009	13
Offender Screening Tool Training/ Mini-Seminar	October 30, 2009	37
E-Filing through IRIS	November 2009 & March - April 10, 2010	109
Advanced Trial College	November 12-13, 2009	40
Criminogenic Risks Webinar	November 18, 2009	8
IRIS – Time Sheets	December 2009 – March 2010	22

TRAINING ACTIVITIES

Title of Conference/Training	Date(s)	# of attendees
Death Penalty 2009	December 2-4, 2009	314
TASC - Brown Bag	December 8, 2009	16
MS Office 2007 Office of Legal Defender	January – February 2010	51
PowerPoint 101	January – March 2010	40
Real Colors	January 8, 2010	17
Westlaw General Refresher	January 14, 2010	4
Pre-Sentence Report Format/Earned Time Credit	January 15, 2010	29
Real Colors	January 19, 2010	13
Sentencing Enhancements - Brown Bag	January 22, 2010	14
Animation in Power Point	February – March 2010	30
Formatting in Power Point	February – March 2010	27
Nuts and Bolts of a Sex Crimes Case	February 5, 2010	15
Accident Investigation – Definitions - Brown Bag	February 10, 2010	11
Painless Grammar	February 23- April 13, 2010	22
History of Civil Rights in Arizona	March 4, 2010	34
Impact of Felony Convictions on Military Enlistment	March 5, 2010	42
Sentencing Enhancements	March 8, 2010	15
Accident Investigation - Traffic Accidents	March 10, 2010	9
Westlaw Refresher	March 12, 2010	2
IRIS – Follow Up Training	March 16, 2010	3
14 th Annual Trial College	March 17-19, 2010	30
Reid Technique - Brown Bag	March 26, 2010	34
Accident Investigations - Air Bags	April 14, 2010	12
Interstate Compact - Brown Bag	April 16, 2010	27
Spring Professionalism	April 16, 2010	16
Firearms Familiarization - Brown Bag	April 23, 2010	39
County Open Enrollment	April 27 & 29, 2010	64
Current Gang Trends in the Phoenix Area - Brown Bag	April 28, 2010	82
Webinar Mental Health	April 29, 2010	8
For The Record	May 1, 2010	11
Effects of Padilla v Kentucky/Immigration Issues - Brown Bag	May 7, 2010	39
Accident Reconstruction Vehicular - Brown Bag	May 12, 2010	8
Potential Conflicts Process for Attorneys	May 21, 2010	12
IRIS	June 1, 2010	13
8 th Annual APDA	June 9-11, 2010	314
Human Factors: Driver Response Time/ Vehicular - Brown Bag	June 23, 2010	9



ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

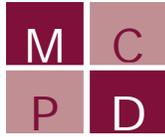


BUDGET ABSTRACT

MARICOPA COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER'S OFFICE
BUDGET
7/1/09 THROUGH 6/30/10

ACCOUNT	EXPENDITURES
SALARIES & BENEFITS	\$32,640,783.82
GENERAL SUPPLIES	\$301,966.09
FUEL	\$11,323.31
NON-CAPITAL EQUIPMENT	\$0.00
LEGAL SERVICES	\$1,559,734.89
OTHER SERVICES	\$163,748.78
RENT & OPERATING LEASES	\$362,361.97
REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE	\$7,339.50
INTERNAL SERVICE CHARGES	\$50,992.18
TRAVEL	\$82,789.07
EDUCATION	\$130,021.54
POSTAGE/FREIGHT/SHIPPING	\$36,026.57
CAPITAL EQUIPMENT	\$0.00
VEHICLES	\$0.00
DEBT SERVICES (Technology Financing)	\$69,275.94
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$35,416,363.66

APPROPRIATIONS	AMOUNT
GENERAL FUNDS	\$34,713,248.00
TRAINING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	\$571,480.00
FILL THE GAP SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	\$1,630,600.00
DEA GRANT	\$451,695.00
TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS	\$38,672,944.00



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Managing for Results, Statistics and Budgeting

Over the past seven years, the Public Defender's Office has reported strategic and statistical information using Managing for Results (MFR). MFR is a comprehensive and integrated management system that was established in 2000. Four cycles (planning, budgeting, reporting, evaluating) comprise the MFR system which is used heavily in budgetary decision-making.

MFR data is comprised of four types of measures: demand, output, efficiencies, and results. Data reported for these measures in prior years included projections and historical actuals for case assignment (demand), case resolution (output), and expenses by case type (efficiency), as well as the percent over a caseload standard (result). In FY10, the Public Defender's results measures were revamped due to a number of promising changes implemented for tracking and analyzing workloads and effectiveness.



More specifically, the Office began using a new fifteen criteria case weighting system. The case weighting system became fully operational in FY10. Department-wide and individual attorney reports are available to Office management and supervisors. Results data now includes measures intended to reflect the quality and timeliness of the services provided. However, because of the newness of this operational system, that data has not been included in this report. We expect to assess the validity of the data and consider changing/adding data to this report next fiscal year.

Finally, with regard to FY10 budgeting, residual effects from the economic downturn continued to impact the Office. Unlike FY09, budget cuts were required. Changes implemented to comply with budget reductions included:

- ~ Eliminating sixteen vacant positions.
- ~ Sharing the cost for Process Servers with other Public Defense Service departments.
- ~ Increasing supervisor caseloads (which allowed maintenance of service levels without replacing staff).
- ~ Deleting one investigator position to create two lower-level Client Services Assistants.
- ~ Mandatory furlough day for all staff.

Savings from these eliminations totaled nearly \$1,057,314 of general fund monies.

ABSTRACTS

Statistics

All Divisions

Case Assignments and Staffing Model			
Case Type	FY10 Assigned Cases ¹	Standard ²	Attorneys to Meet Standard ³
Capital	5	2.0	2.4
All other Homicide	127	11.4	11.1
Class 2-3 Felony	5,308		55.4
<i>Class 2 & 3 in RCC/EDC</i>	2,604	184.3	14.1
<i>Class 2 & 3 not RCC/EDC</i>	2,704	65.5	41.3
DUI	2,056		8.7
<i>DUI in RCC/EDC</i>	1,330	432.0	3.1
<i>DUI not RCC/EDC</i>	726	129.0	5.6
Class 4-6 Felony	14,331		40.3
<i>Class 4-6 Felony in RCC/EDC</i>	11,455	532.6	21.5
<i>Class 4-6 Felony not RCC/EDC</i>	2,876	152.6	18.8
Violation of Probation	12,218	1004.0	12.2
Misdemeanor	2,896	407.6	7.1
Trial Excluding Capital	36,936	N/A	134.8
Mental Health ⁴	3,564	278.6	12.8
Non-Capital Appeals	480	24.0	20.0
Capital Appeals	2	2.0	1.0
All Criminal Appeals	482		21.0
Plea PCR (Appeal/PCR)	379	240.0	1.6
Trial PCR (PCR)	133	18.0	7.4
Juvenile Appeal	23	36.0	0.6
Appeals Division Total	1,017	294.0	30.6
Total of Above	41,522	N/A	180.6

1 Cases assigned are calculated as total cases opened during the time period, minus cases closed during the time period with the following dispositions: no complaint, administrative transfer, and workload withdrawal cases.

2 Standard column represents the established caseload standard. The majority of the standards were developed during the Spangenberg Case Weighting Study conducted in 2003.

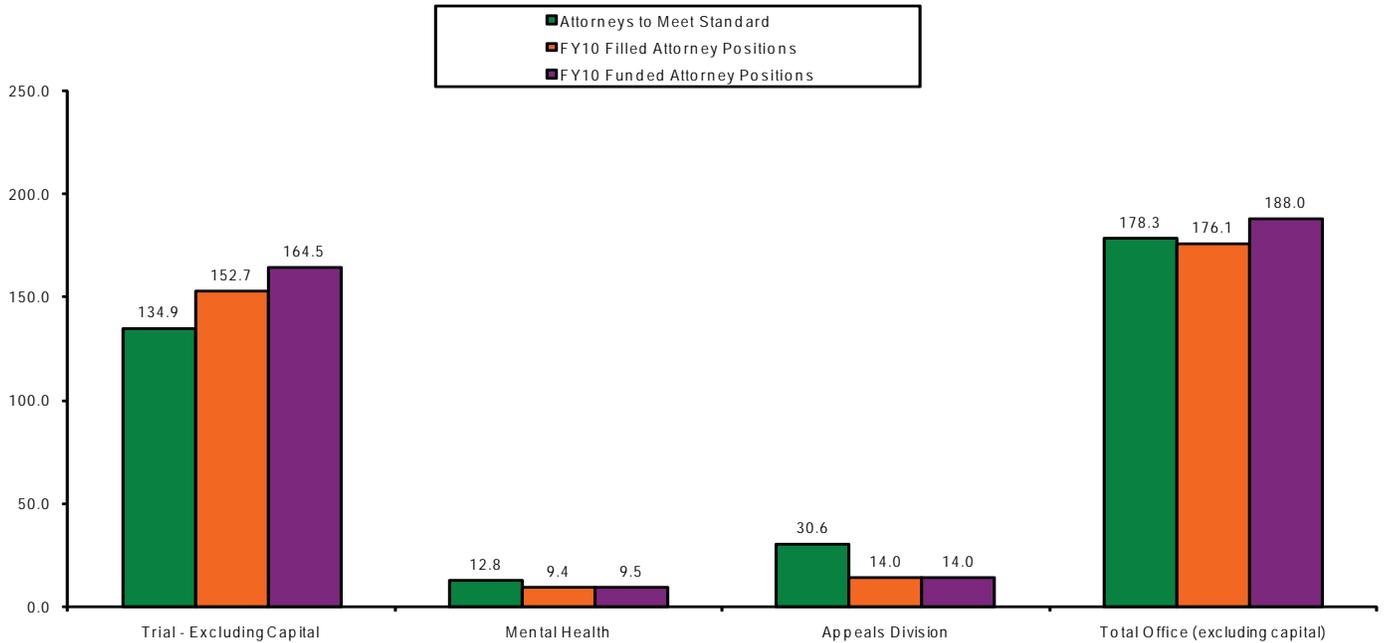
3 Attorneys to Meet Standard is calculated by dividing cases assigned by the established standard. This represents the annual average caseload for one full time staff attorney in Maricopa County, assuming the attorney handled only that type of case.

4 Beginning in FY09, Mental Health case assignment methodology was revised. In prior years, a new case was created in the event of Judicial Reviews, Annual Reviews or Review Status Hearings. The revised process and procedures have been changed so that when such events occur, the original case is reactivated instead of creating a new case in IRIS.



All Divisions

Division Totals Needed Vs. Filled and Funded Attorney Positions



Capital cases and capital attorneys have been excluded from the trial division data to allow us to depict the remaining case types without skewed data. Beginning in FY08, the Public Defender's Office began having capital attorneys track their time in the Indigent Representation Information System timesheets. The intent is to obtain sufficient data needed to develop a reliable standard. Because of the long duration of capital cases, it may take some years to yield a valid standard. Until then, trial division case data will be represented without capital cases or capital attorneys.

ABSTRACTS

Statistics

Case Assignments

History of Cases Assigned by Case Categories FY06-FY10 Cases Assigned ^{1,2}					
Case Type	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10
Capital	12	18	14	7	5
All other Homicide	119	159	189	160	127
Class 2-3 Felony	6,684	6,001	5,709	6,352	5,308
<i>Class 2-3 Felony - RCC/EDC</i>	2,430	2,094	2,438	2,835	2,604
<i>Class 2-3 Felony - Non RCC/EDC</i>	4,254	3,907	3,271	3,517	2,704
DUI	2,286	2,121	2,206	2,331	2,056
<i>DUI - RCC/EDC</i>	1,579	1,457	1,616	1,659	1,330
<i>DUI - Non RCC/EDC</i>	707	664	590	672	726
Class 4-6 Felony	18,708	17,545	18,903	16,776	14,331
<i>Class 4, 5, & 6 Felony - RCC/EDC</i>	13,422	12,814	14,663	13,061	11,455
<i>Class 4, 5, & 6 Felony - Non RCC/EDC</i>	5,286	4,731	4,240	3,715	2,876
Violation of Probation	19,603	18,473	15,904	15,235	12,218
Misdemeanor	3,724	3,417	3,276	3,176	2,896
Trial Division Total	51,136	47,734	46,201	44,037	36,941
Mental Health Total ³	2,410	2,546	2,818	3,453	3,564
Appeals (includes Capital)	371	436	318	371	482
Plea PCR (Appeal PCR)	729	626	527	243	379
Trial PCR (PCR)	116	169	128	70	133
Juvenile Appeal	50	34	46	38	23
Appeals Division Total	1,266	1,265	1,019	722	1,017
Total of Above	54,812	51,545	50,038	48,212	41,522

1 A substantial review of historical data was made in June and July 2007. The data here has been updated to reflect any corrections processed at that time for FY03 through FY07.

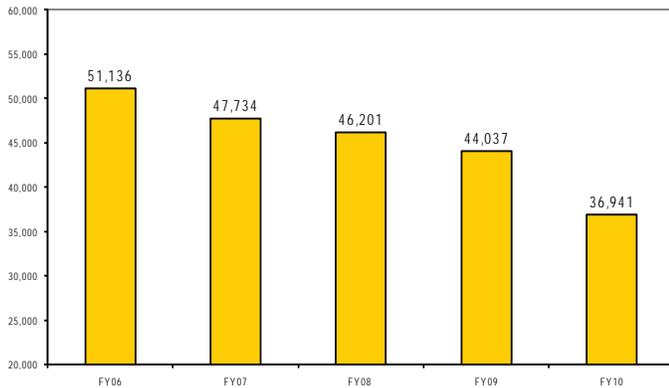
2 Total cases opened minus cases closed during the time period with the following dispositions: no complaint, administrative transfer, and workload withdrawal cases.

3 Beginning in FY09, Mental Health case assignment methodology was revised. In prior years, a new case was created in the event of Judicial Reviews, Annual Reviews or Review Status Hearings. The revised process and procedures have been changed so that when such events occur, the original case is reactivated instead of creating a new case in IRIS.

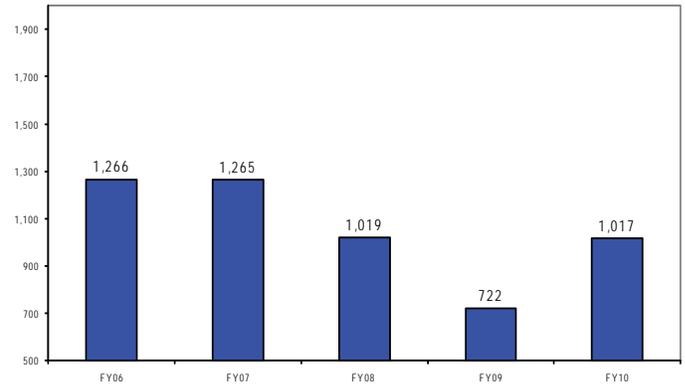


Case Assignments by Division

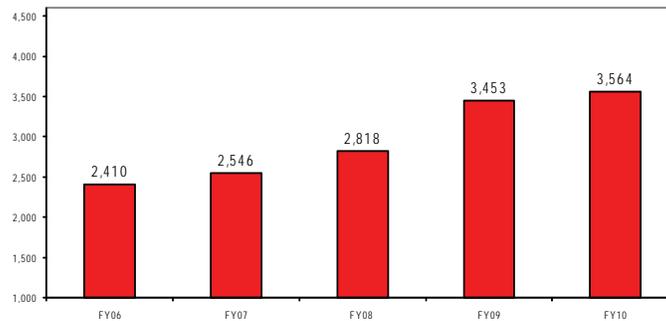
Trial Division



Appeals Division



Mental Health



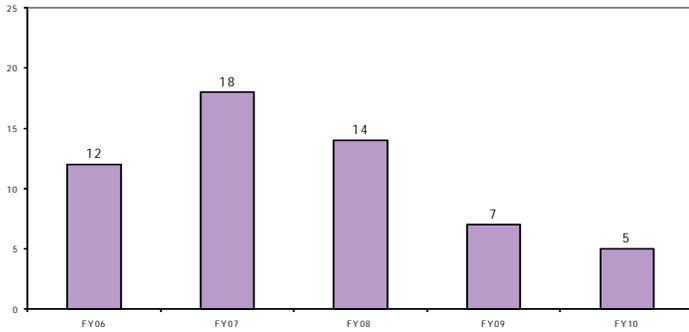
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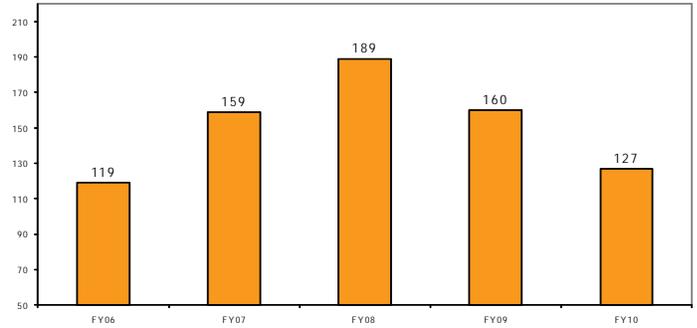
Statistics

Case Assignments by Type

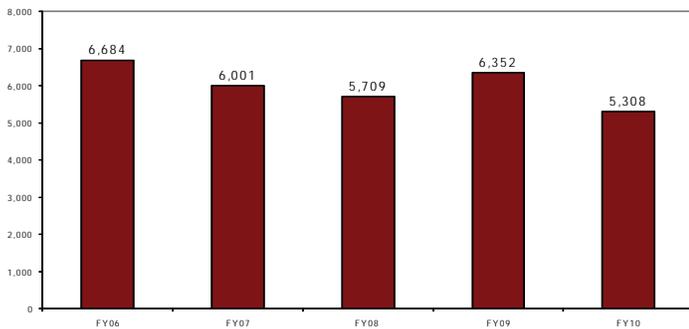
Capital



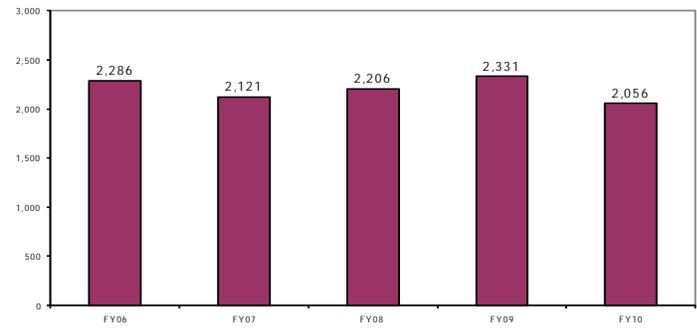
All Other Homicide



Class 2-3 Felony



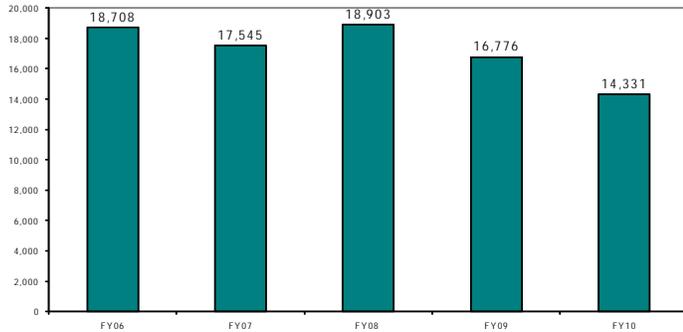
DUI



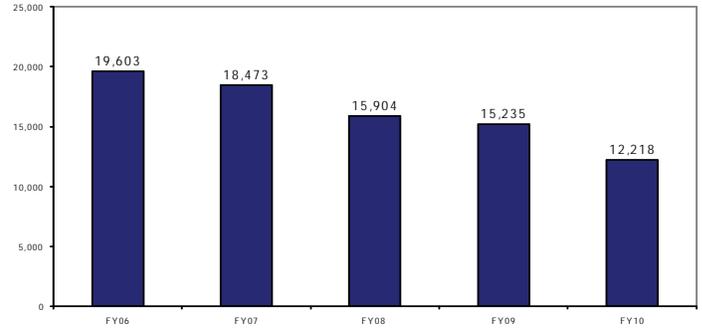


Case Assignments by Type

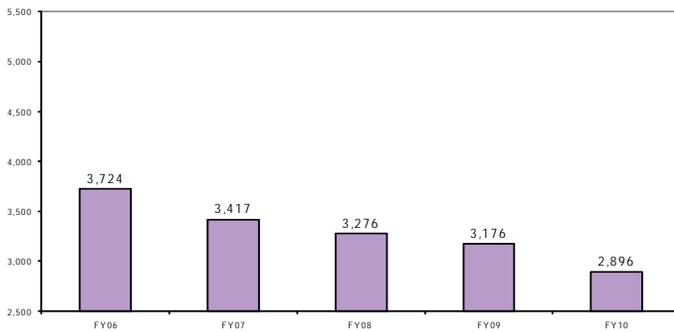
Class 4-6 Felony



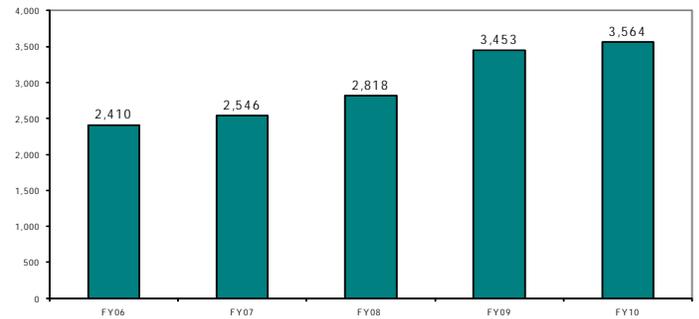
Violation of Probation



Misdemeanor



Mental Health



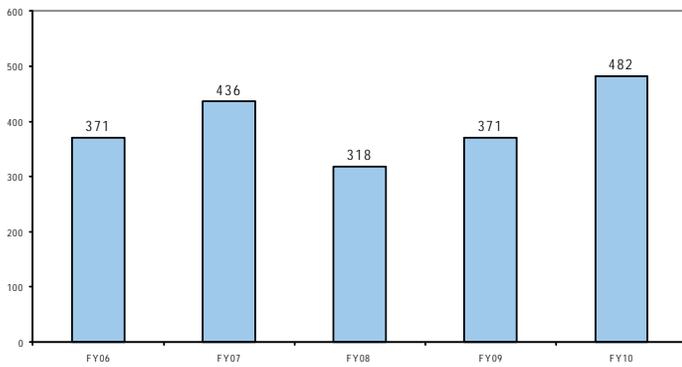
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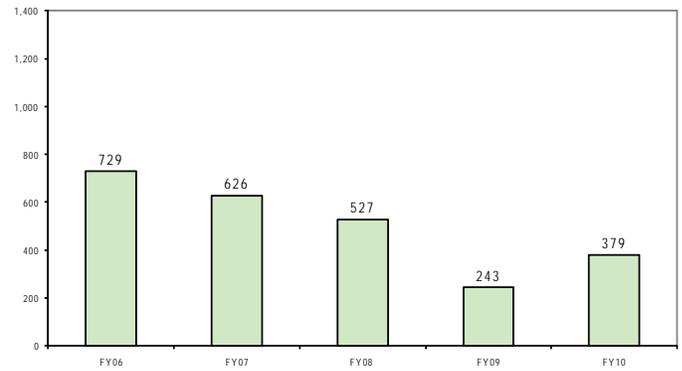
Statistics

Case Assignments by Type

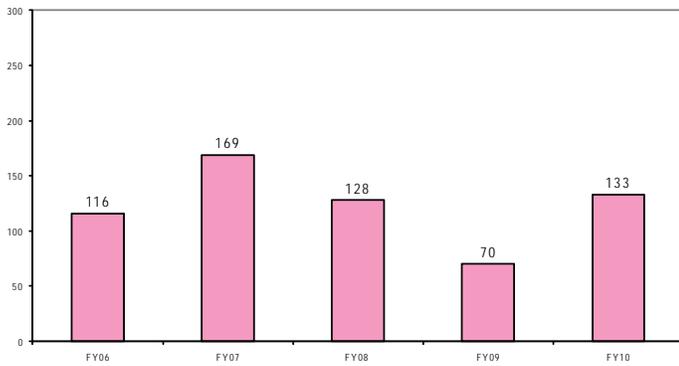
Appeals (includes Capital)



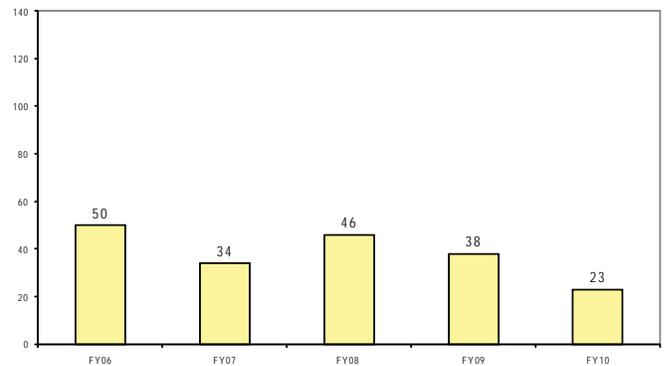
Plea PCR (Appeal PCR)



Trial PCR (PCR)



Juvenile Appeals





Case Resolutions

History of Cases Resolved by Case Categories FY06-FY10 Cases Resolved ^{1,2}					
Case Type	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10
Capital	9	7	8	8	17
All other Homicide	60	78	86	106	88
Class 2-3 Felony	4,587	4,604	3,847	4,276	3,927
<i>Class 2-3 Felony - RCC/EDC</i>	1,417	1,541	1,390	1,496	1,534
<i>Class 2-3 Felony - Non RCC/EDC</i>	3,170	3,063	2,457	2,780	2,393
DUI	1,869	1,558	1,676	2,007	1,739
<i>DUI - RCC/EDC</i>	987	1,082	1,114	1,266	1,091
<i>DUI - Non RCC/EDC</i>	882	476	562	741	648
Class 4-6 Felony	15,148	14,824	14,921	15,282	12,661
<i>Class 4, 5, & 6 Felony - RCC/EDC</i>	10,123	10,750	11,136	11,175	9,628
<i>Class 4, 5, & 6 Felony - Non RCC/EDC</i>	5,025	4,074	3,785	4,107	3,033
Violation of Probation	17,452	17,533	14,835	14,132	11,767
Misdemeanor	3,359	3,037	2,765	2,827	2,718
Trial Division Total	42,484	41,641	38,138	38,638	32,917
Mental Health ³	2,369	2,452	2,712	3,358	1,271
Appeals (includes Capital)	313	328	283	334	393
Plea PCR	620	501	485	329	170
Trial PCR	84	69	69	47	4
Juvenile Appeals	39	32	53	22	41
Appeals Division Total	1,056	930	890	732	608
Total of All Above	45,909	45,023	41,740	42,728	34,796

1 A substantial review of historical data was made in June and July 2007. The data here has been updated to reflect any corrections processed at that time for FY03 through FY07.

2 Case resolutions are total cases closed during the fiscal year, minus cases closed during the fiscal year that were not resolved by the office directly (i.e., reduced by cases in which no complaint is filed, private counsel is retained, conflict withdrawals, workload withdrawals, and transfers to another IR department).

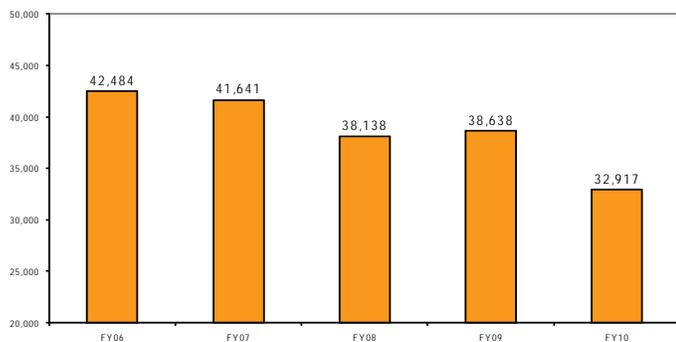
3 Beginning in FY09, Mental Health case assignment methodology was revised. In prior years, a new case was created in the event of Judicial Reviews, Annual Reviews or Review Status Hearings. The revised process and procedures have been changed so that when such events occur, the original case is reactivated instead of creating a new case in IRIS.

ABSTRACTS

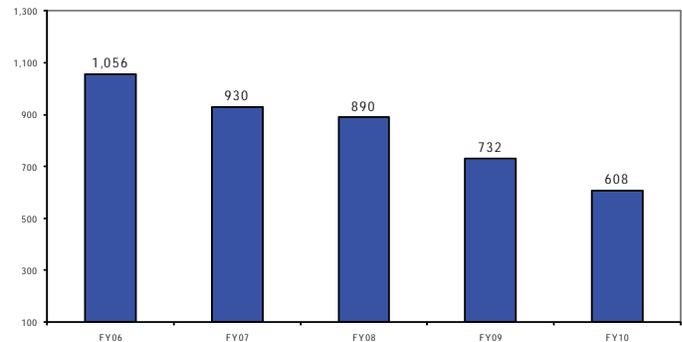
Statistics

Case Resolutions by Division

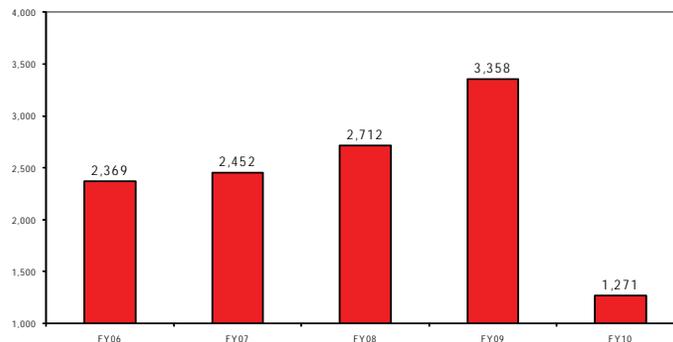
Trial Division



Appeals Division



Mental Health Division

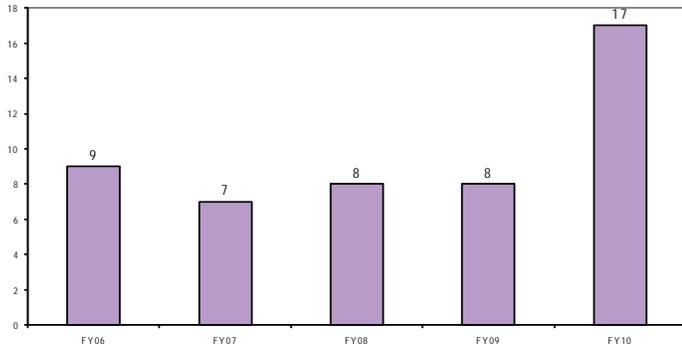


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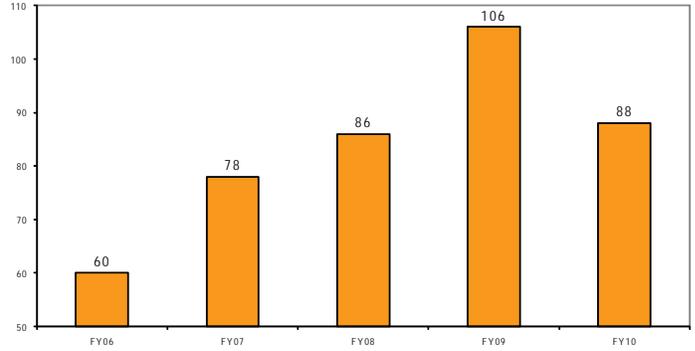


Case Resolutions by Type

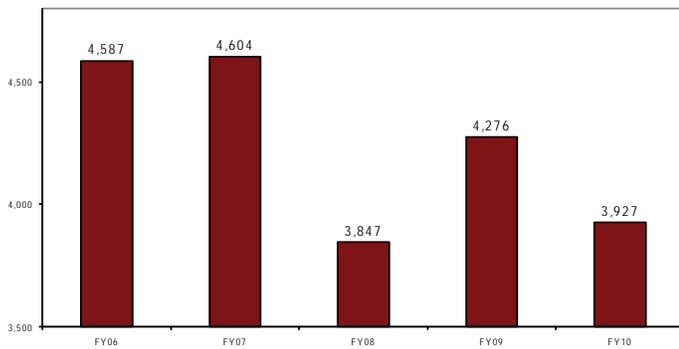
Capital



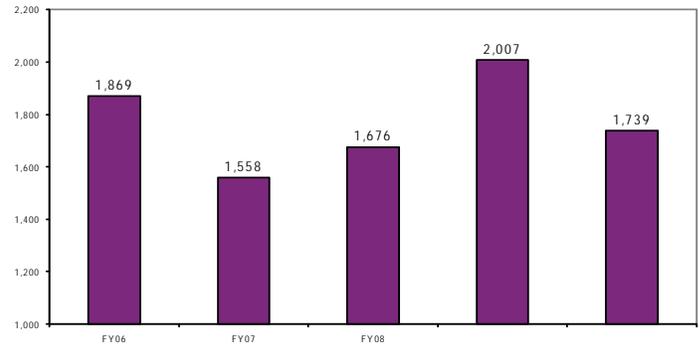
All Other Homicide



Class 2-3 Felony



DUI

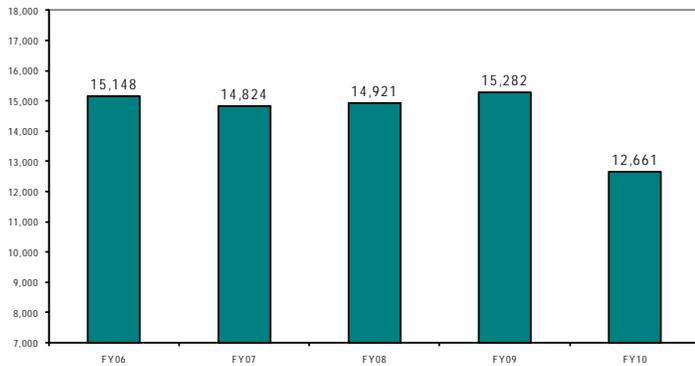


ABSTRACTS

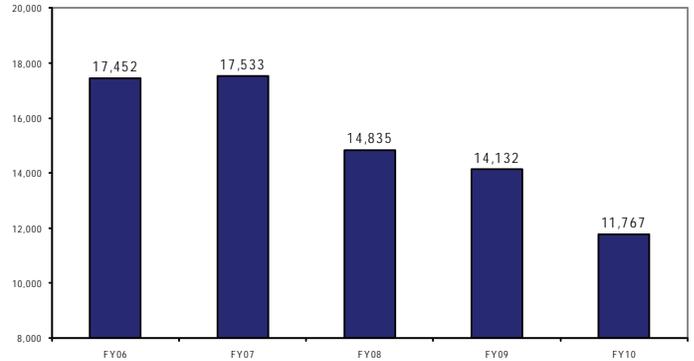
Statistics

Case Resolutions by Type

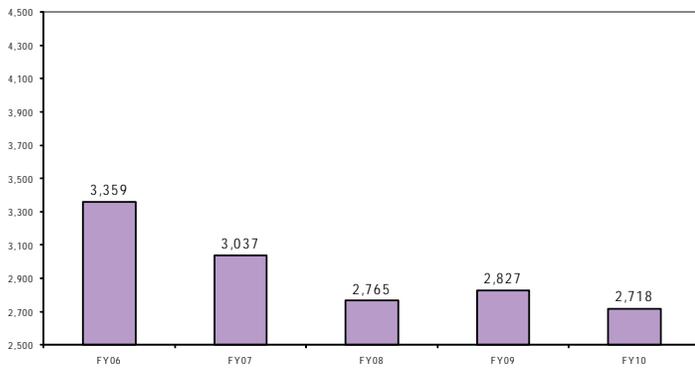
Class 4-6 Felony



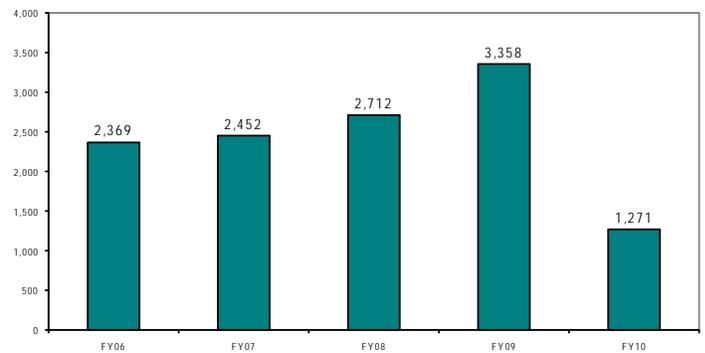
Violation of Probation



Misdemeanor



Mental Health

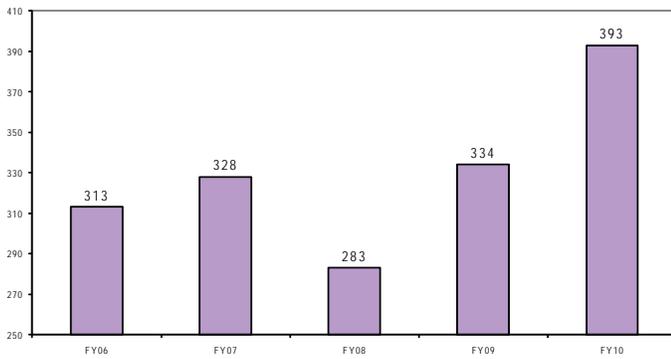


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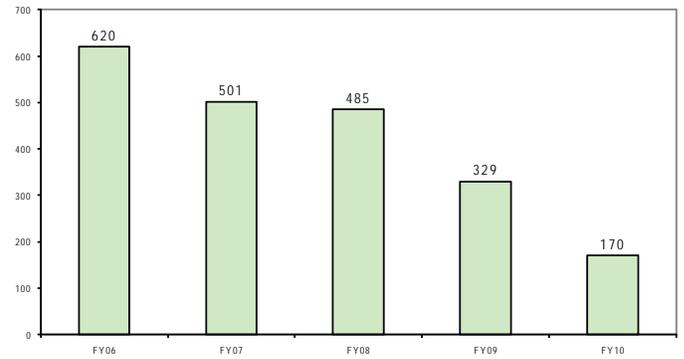


Case Resolutions by Type

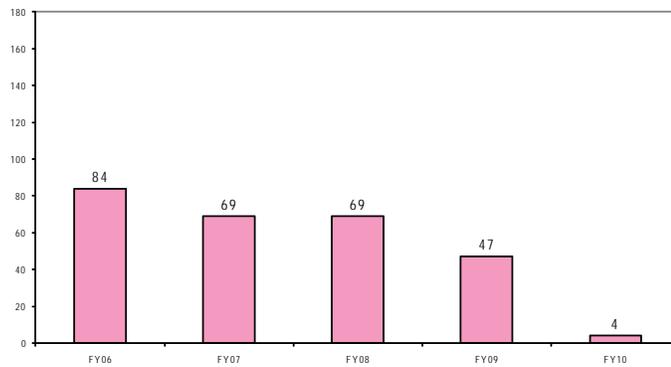
Appeals (includes Capital)



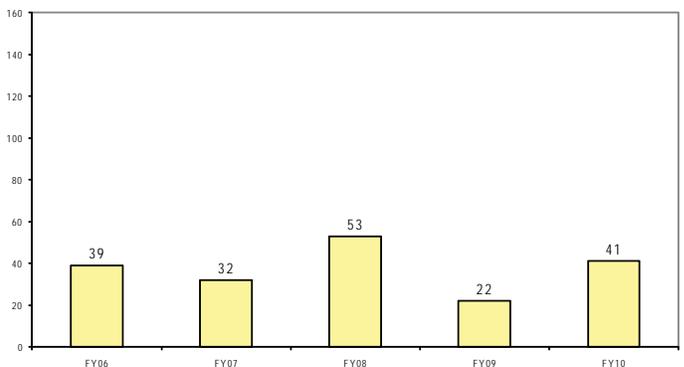
Plea PCR



Trial PCR



Juvenile Appeals



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